



## Neue Technologien und Trends in der Kabinenkommunikation

**Jörg Reitmann**  
Vice President  
Cabin Systems Engineering

# Gliederung

- **Besonderheiten der Kabinenkommunikation**
  - Kundenforderungen
  - Technische Randbedingungen
- **Neue Technologien in der Kabinenkommunikation**
  - CIDS
  - IFE
  - A380 NSS
- **Zukünftige Entwicklungen**
  - Drahtlose Verbindungen innerhalb der Kabine („Wireless Cabin“)
  - Drahtlose Außenanbindung an Terrestrische Netze

# The Cabin Must Allow Differentiation

***Airbus offers ways  
to achieve differentiation  
across Airbus aircraft family***



Cabin environment



Passenger accommodation

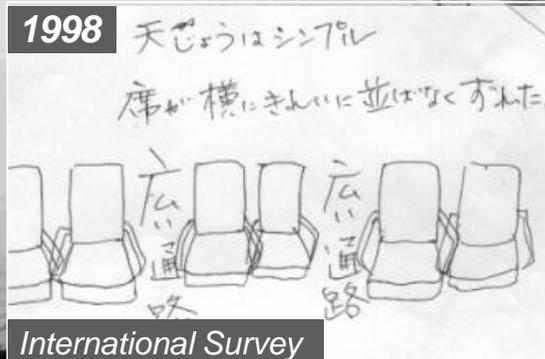
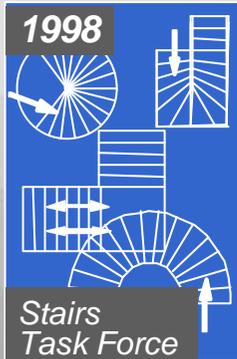


# Cabin Systems Challenges

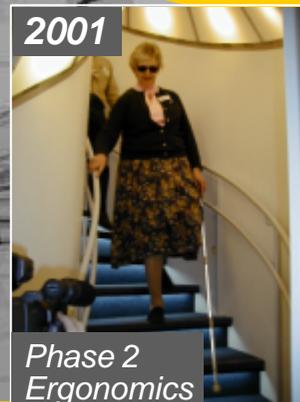


- Cabin items must: be robust, withstand abuse, be resistant against thievery and vandalism
- No direct multiple redundancy (e.g. no spare seats, no spare display units)
- Passenger expects immediate fix of his/her problem
- Approximately 50% of cabin items are Buyer Furnished Equipment (BFE) and are highly customised.

# Wide consultation on cabin over several years



2000 hours of pax interviews, 9 international design teams, 5 major airlines, 3 continents



Ergonomics testing, Research MU, more surveys, Industrial Design MU, Conceptual MU

**Optimal result**  
*ensured by stakeholders and experts*

# Gliederung

- **Besonderheiten der Kabinenkommunikation**
  - Kundenforderungen
  - Technische Randbedingungen
- **Neue Technologien in der Kabinenkommunikation**
  - CIDS
  - IFE
  - A380 NSS
- **Zukünftige Entwicklungen**
  - Drahtlose Verbindungen innerhalb der Kabine („Wireless Cabin“)
  - Drahtlose Außenanbindung an Terrestrische Netze

# Cabin Intercommunication Data System (CIDS)

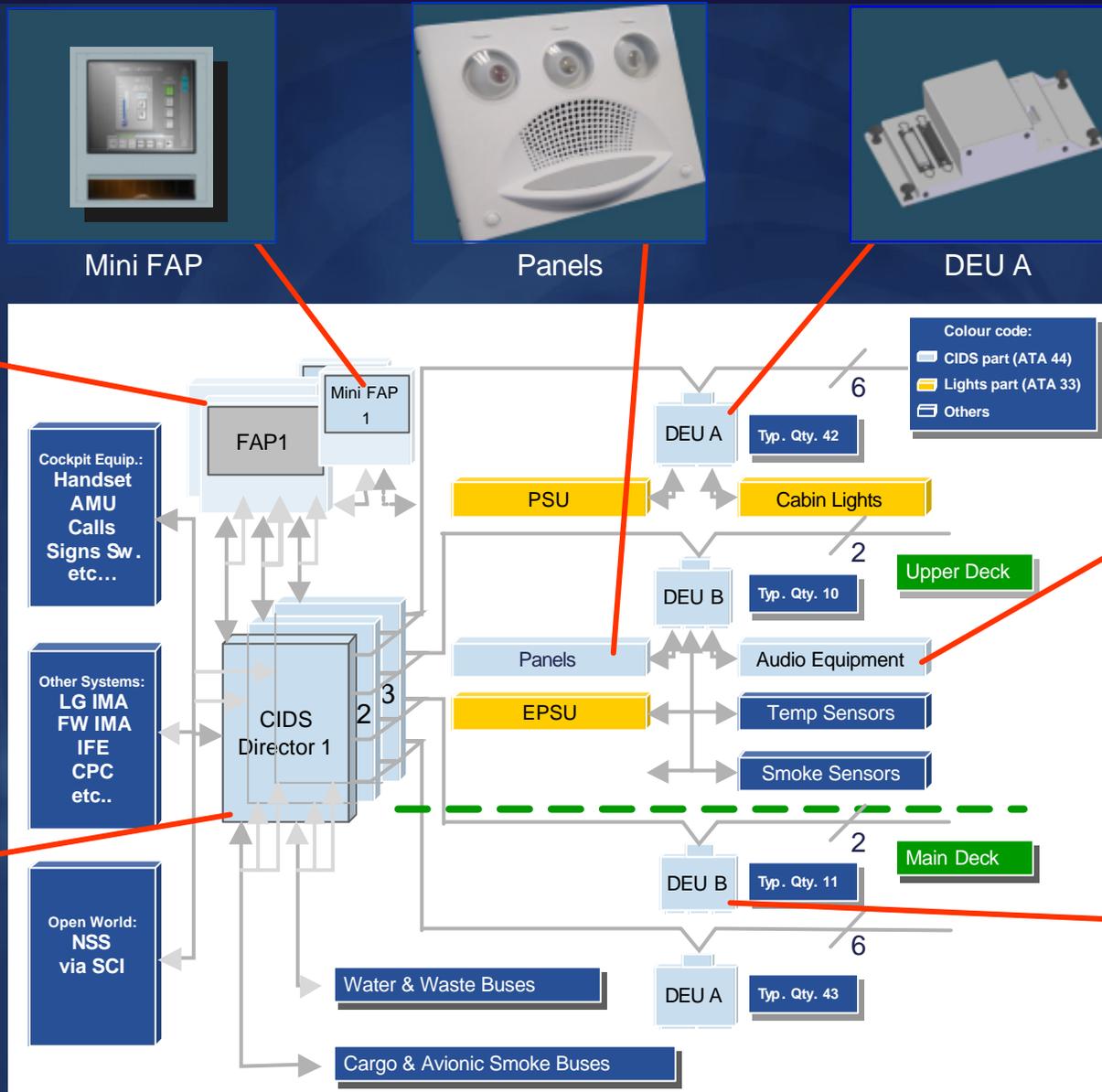
The digital **Cabin Intercommunication Data System** is the cabin core system of all Airbus aircraft.

CIDS operates and monitors various passenger and crew functions such as:

- Passenger / Cabin Announcement
- Cabin Temperature Control
- Water / Waste Tank Level Indication
- Cabin Illumination
- Emergency & Evacuation Signalling
- Lavatory Smoke Warning & Indication
- Aircraft Doors & Slides Status
- IFE System Status
- Various Optional Functions



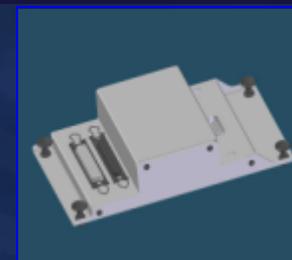
# CIDS Block Diagram (A380-800)



Mini FAP



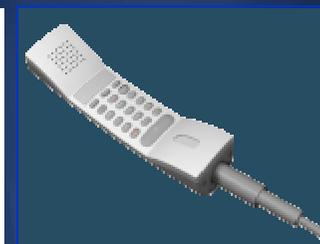
Panels



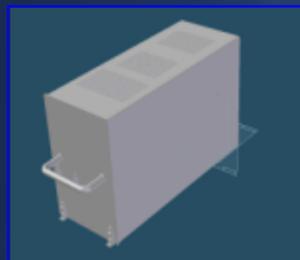
DEU A



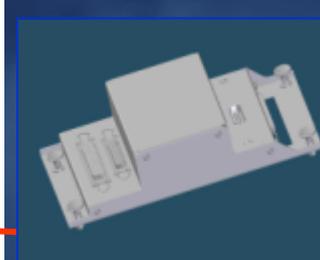
Flight Attendant Panel



Audio Equipment



CIDS Director



DEU B

# History



1987 Flight attendant panel



Single tube standard illumination

Step dimming: 0 – 25 – 50 – 100 percent

# In Service Today: Mood Lights



# Cabin Lighting System - Interior Lighting

KID-Systeme is the prime supplier for the whole interior illumination system of the A380 and is developing and integrating this system.

## General Illumination:

- Cabin
- Staircase
- Service Area
- Cargo Compartment Illumination
- Info Signs

## Emergency Lighting:

- EPSU \*)
- Floor Path Marking
- Exit Signs

\*) EPSU =  
Emergency Power Supply Unit

## The application of new technologies (LED) allows:

- Customized Lighting Concepts (Low Level Lighting, Colored Lighting, Sunrise & Sunset, Star Light, ...)
- Weight & Energy saving

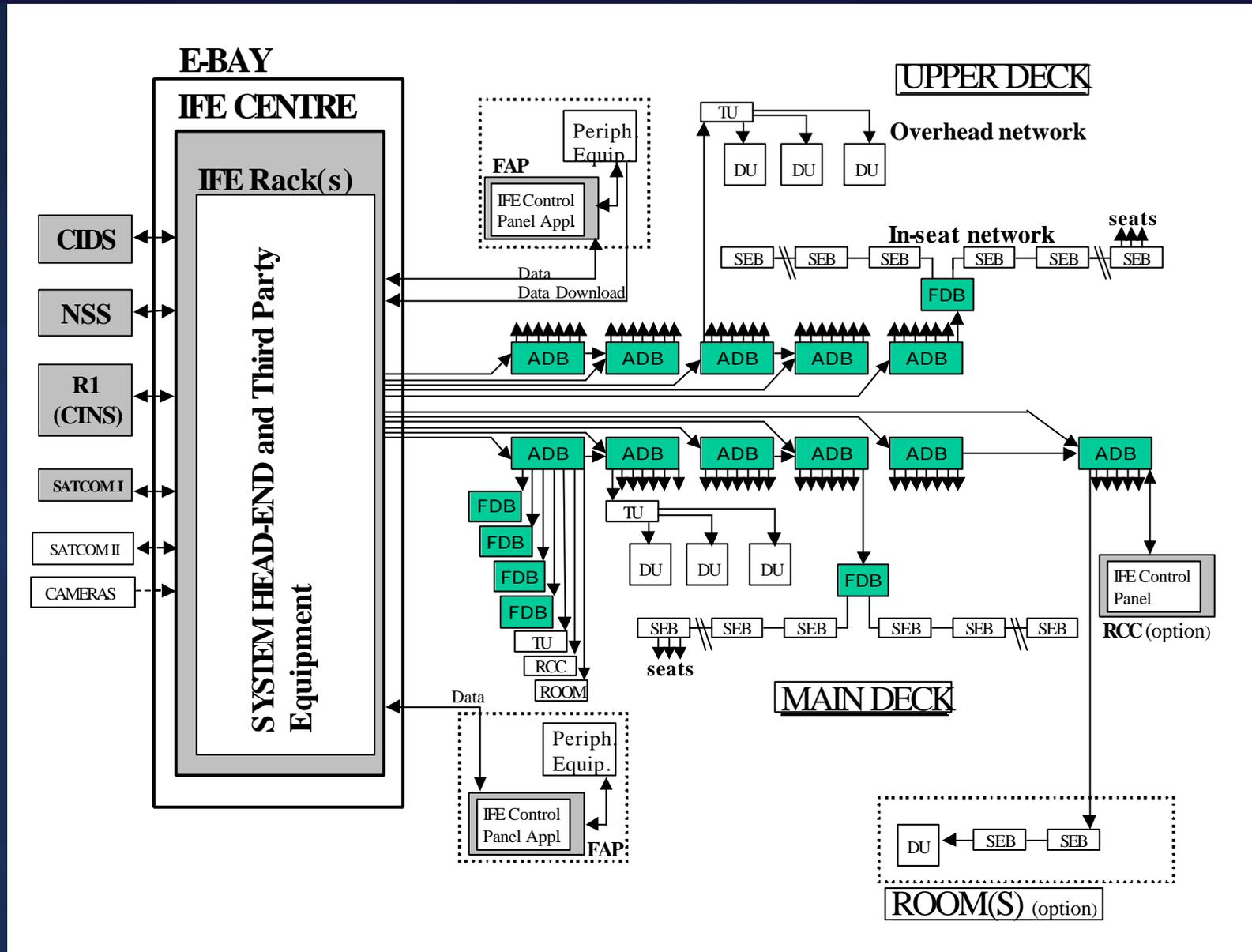


- A basic platform on which systems from a number of suppliers can be installed in a modular fashion
- A centralized system head-end containing all interfaces to other aircraft systems as well as to the Cabin Distribution Network.
- A Cabin Distribution based on a star-wired and redundant fibre-optic network. This permits massive bandwidth throughput and allows future growth in services/features.
- Complete System is powered by SPDBs (Secondary Power Distribution Boxes) and fully controllable by means of remote controlled circuit breakers contained therein.

- System is powered by variable frequency (380-800Hz)
- Increased level of In-Seat Integration (common In-seat power Supply and ARINC 485 data network for all powered in-seat components).
- Modularity of components permitting customized flexibility.
- Ethernet interfaces at IFE Head-End (simpler integration into a more Ethernet-based aircraft with more net-based services).

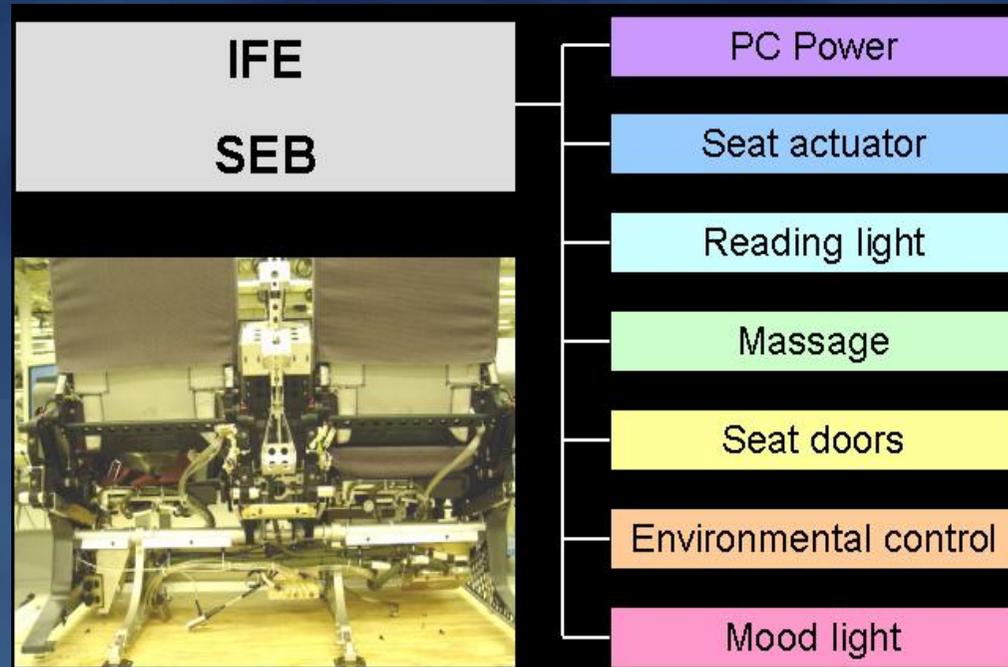
- Multiple IFE Control possibilities from IFE and CIDS terminals (Common Cabin Console concept).
- An IFE Architecture/System with the lowest power/weight/LRU and volume figures ever achieved for the highest level of provided functionality
- Aircraft-side Ground Fault Interrupt protection (GFI) via SPDBs.

# Data Distribution Architecture

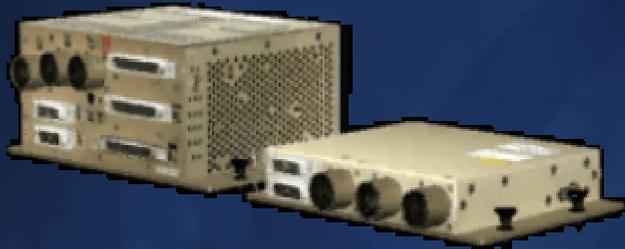


# System Integration and why it is IFE

- All Seat Systems are connected to IFE and can be remotely controlled
- IFE becomes part of power distribution and consumption management
- IFE will have an interface to next generation Galleys



# Aircraft Integration of IFE



Current and  
3<sup>rd</sup> Generation Seatbox



Attendant operated  
IFE-control screen



Passenger IFE  
navigation / operation  
by remote control

## Advantages:

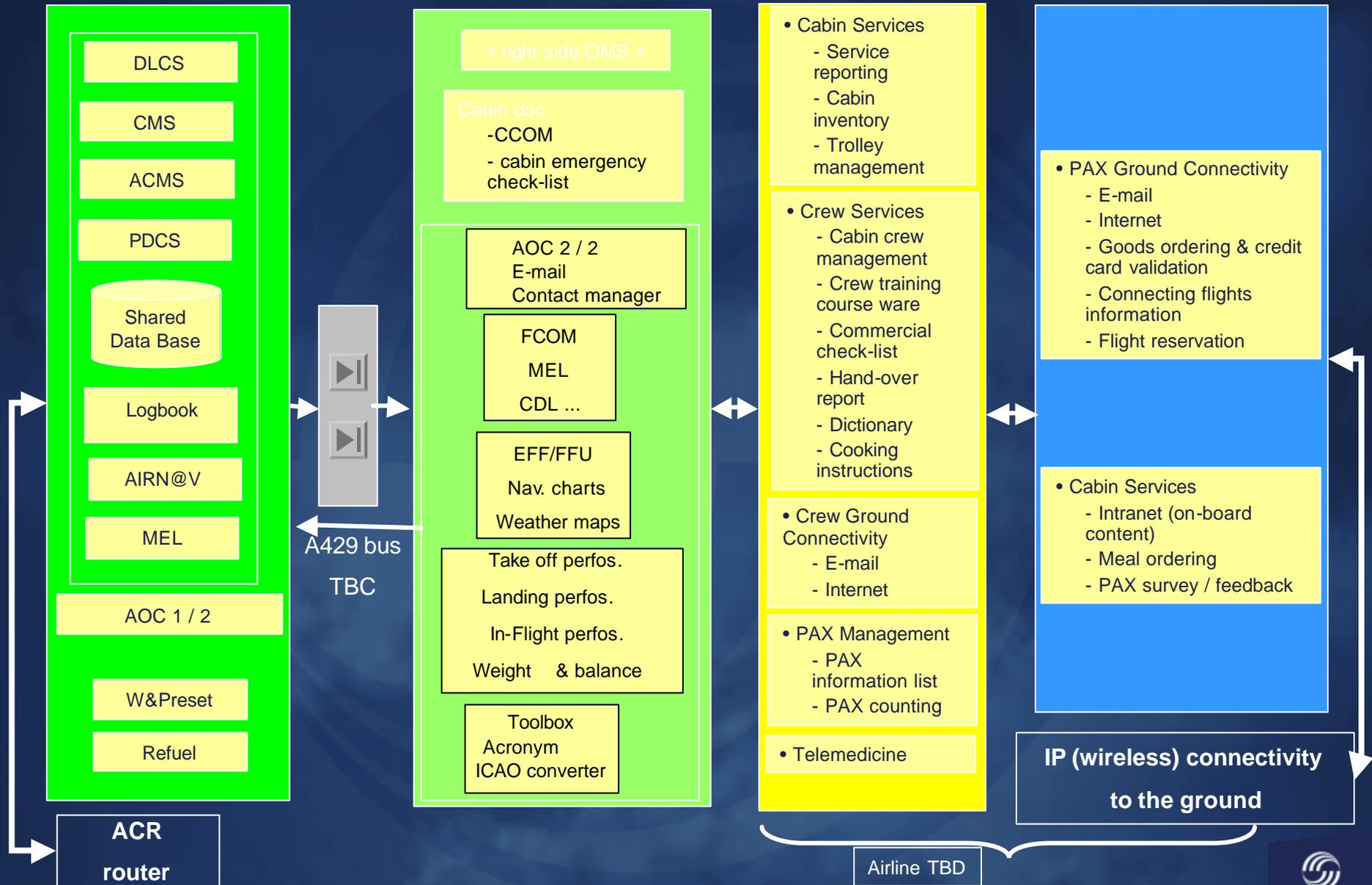
- Improved Passenger legroom
- less wiring and weight



# A380 NSS / OIS architecture



# A380 NSS / OIS Function Mapping



# Gliederung

- **Besonderheiten der Kabinenkommunikation**
  - Kundenforderungen
  - Technische Randbedingungen
- **Neue Technologien in der Kabinenkommunikation**
  - CIDS
  - IFE
  - A380 NSS
- **Zukünftige Entwicklungen**
  - Drahtlose Verbindungen innerhalb der Kabine („Wireless Cabin“)
  - Drahtlose Außenanbindung an Terrestrische Netze

# Development for Cabin Systems

## Market Characteristics:

- Airlines will follow the rapid technological changes of the consumer market
- Passenger will use their own Personal Electronic Devices (PED)
- New communication standards will emerge (e.g.WiMAX)
- Lower Costs for systems and services demanded by customers
- Access to onboard content without satellite

## Development Targets

- Closer to COTS (Commercial Off The Shelf) equipment
- Shorter development time
- Cheaper
- Automate the selection of the cheapest communication service

# Usage Trends and Passenger Expectations

- **Current Situation:**

- o 6.1B emails sent each day
- o 1.2 B SMS messages sent each day
- o GSM/GPRS, UMTS phones
- o Users want the same level of connectivity on board as on the ground

- **New technologies** support permanent and mobile connectivity

- o PDA, Bluetooth, GSM/GPRS, UMTS
- o Laptop and wireless Ethernet

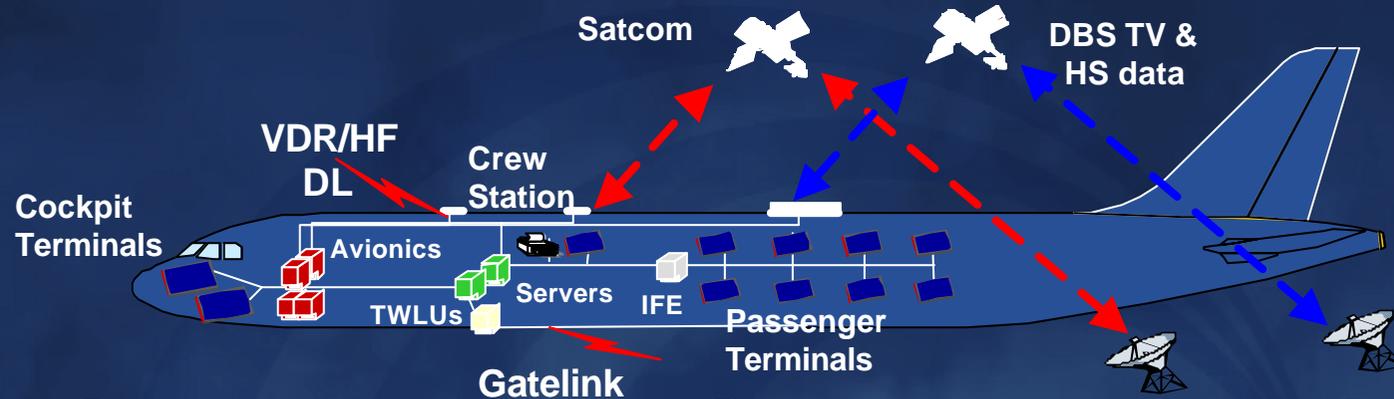
- **Future Expectations:**

- o WiMAX (IEEE 802.16)
- o Ultra Wideband (UWB)
- o Universal Wireless Backbone System



Source: Frost and Sullivan

# Potential Communication Functions



## Flight Operations (cockpit crew)

- A/C Documentation
- Electronic Logbook
- Weight & Balance
- Performance Data
- Operational Checklists
- Access to Flight Information services (Weather, NOTAM...)
- Charts and Maps
- Crew e-mail
- Airlines specific applications...

## Cargo

- Cargo monitoring...

## Passengers

- e-Mail
- Internet / Intranet
- News / Sports
- Live Television
- e-commerce....

## Cabin Crew

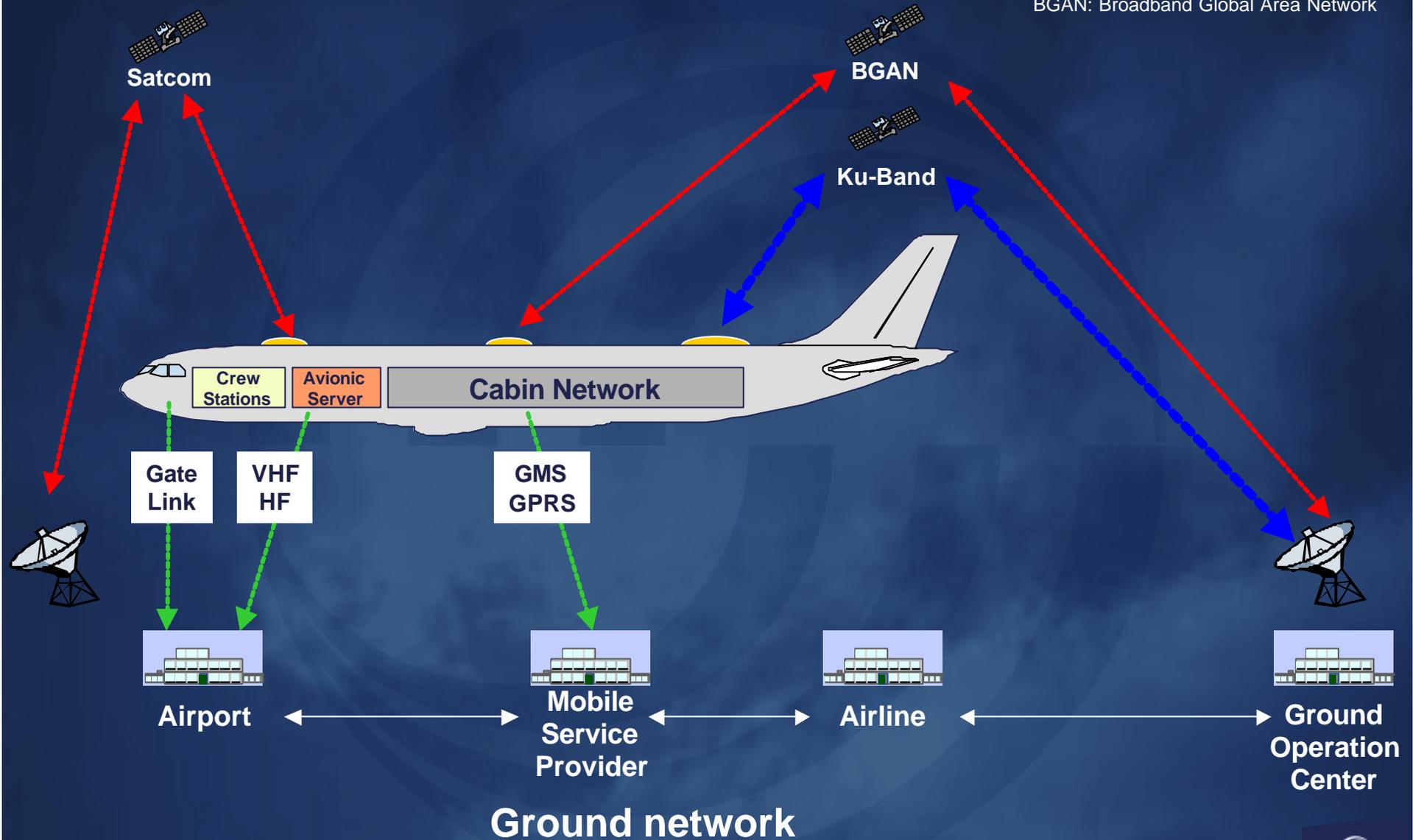
- PAX data base
- Crew e-Mail
- Cabin E - Logbook
- A/C Documentation
- Credit Card validation
- Cabin inventory
- Quality monitoring
- Reservation...

## Maintenance

- Maintenance documentation (TSM, AMM)
- Maintenance improvements (tools)
- A/C condition monitoring
- Electronic logbook
- Data loading
- E-mail
- Operational s/w and data bases storage
- FOQA download
- Equipment List ....

# Airbus In-Flight Communication – Global scope

BGAN: Broadband Global Area Network



# Security



## Cockpit

- ATM (Air Traffic Management)
- Maintenance
- Data Loading
- ...



## Cabin

- Messaging
- E-mails
- GSM
- ...



## Passenger Domain

# Channel Resource Assignment and Coordination

Standards	Max data rate per channel	Channels simultaneously available
WLAN 802.11b,g (f=2.4 GHz)	11/54 Mbit per channel	3 independent channels available
WLAN 802.11a (f=5.x GHz)	54 Mbit per channel	12 independent channels available
WLAN 802.11n (under standardisation)	320 Mbit per channel	12 independent channels (tbc)
UWB* (802.15.3a) (under standardisation)	448 Mbit per channel	10-12 independent channels

\*UWB – Ultra Wideband Band

**OBJECTIVE: Universal Wireless Backbone System (UWBS)**

Benefits:- Flexible Configuration  
- Scalable Capacity

# Wireless Antenna Solutions



Cabin Wireless LAN Unit



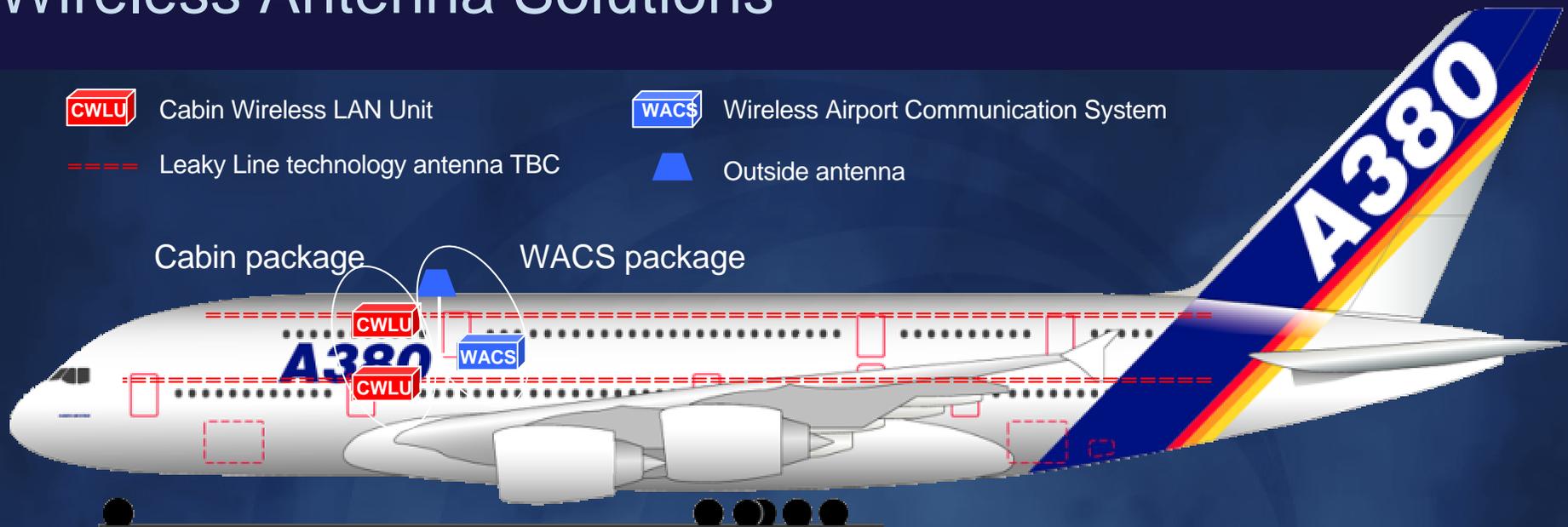
Wireless Airport Communication System



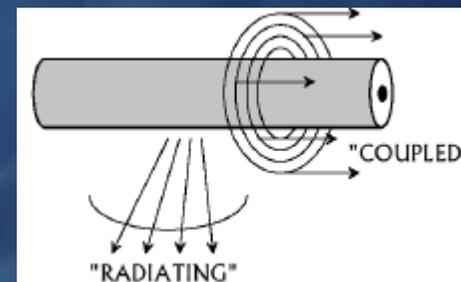
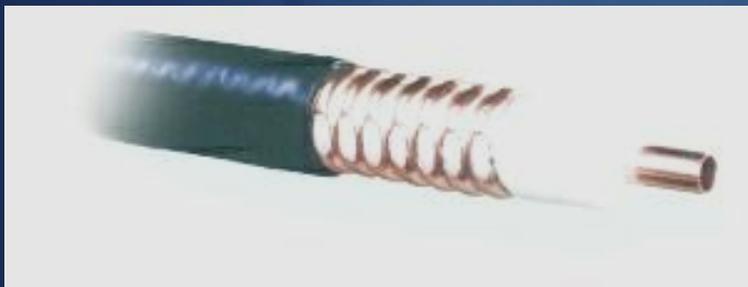
Leaky Line technology antenna TBC



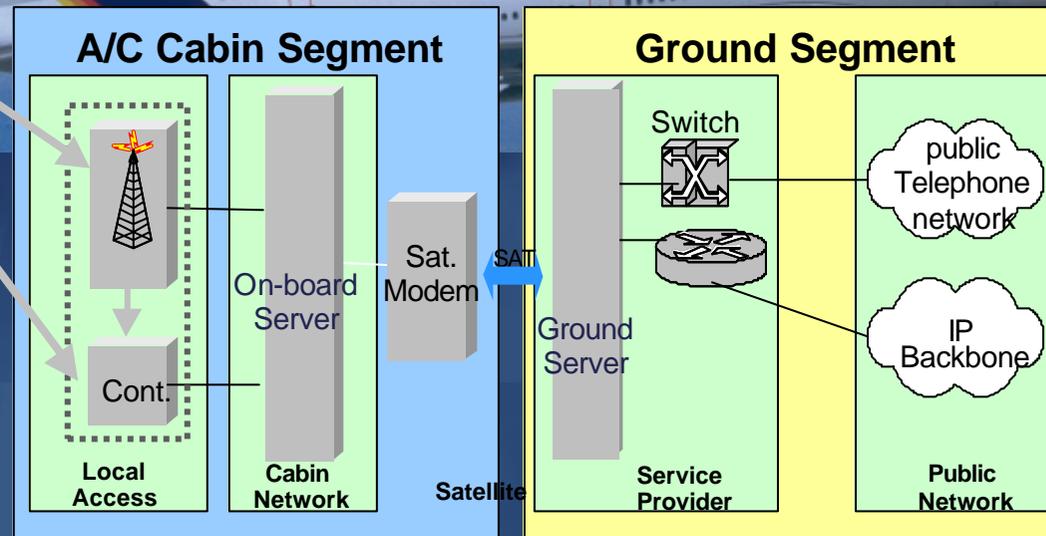
Outside antenna



## Leaky Line Technology:



# Mobiles on aircraft (OMTS onboard mobile telephone system)



- Passenger can use his own telephone & number like in foreign countries
- Connection from aircraft over sat-link to the ground
- Bill will come from passengers mobile home operator
- Data functions (for mobile phone applications SMS, WAP\*, WEB, VPN\*...)
- Control of all mobiles on board
- **Monitoring and control functions (from aircraft & ground)**

WAP – wireless application protocol

VPN – virtual private network

# Satellite Services

**L-Band**  
e.g. Inmarsat



- Original avionic/maritime network for mobile platforms
- Full worldwide coverage assured

**Ku-Band**



- Original purpose: TV / radio for end users on fixed (terrestrial) platforms
- Coverage over oceans not yet extended

# L-Band (Inmarsat) and Ku-Band

## L-Band

Tx: 1,5265...1,5605 GHz  
Radio BW: 34 MHz

64 kB/s (Swift 64)

432 kB/s (BGAN)

### Pros:

- Designed for mobile platforms
- Established in the the avionic market
- Worldwide coverage
- Small antenna (low cost for A/c drag)

### Cons:

- Smaller radio BW (lower data rates)
- BGAN satellites EIS in 2006

## Ku-Band

Tx: 14,0...14,5 GHz  
Radio BW: 500 MHz

2000 kB/s

### Pros:

- Higher radio BW (high data rates)
- Low cost for data transfer
- Large no. of satellites over congested areas

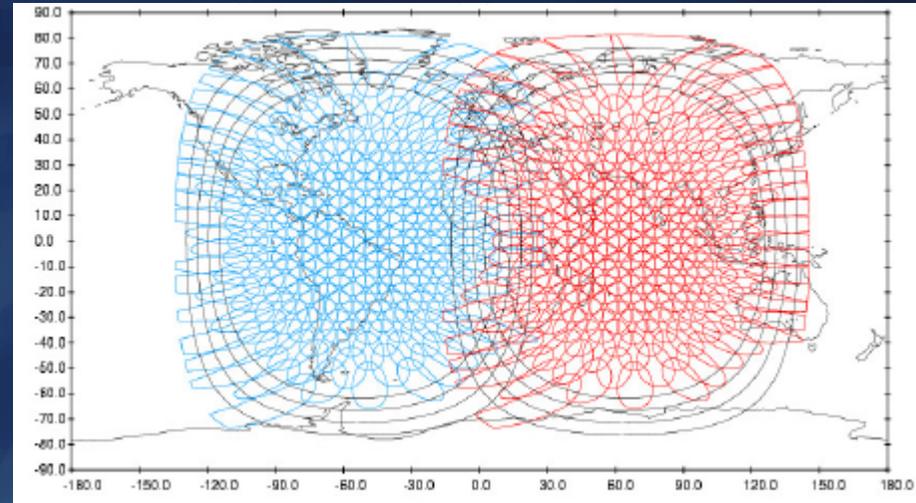
### Cons:

- Satellite spacing 2°...3° requires big antenna for precise focusing (high cost for A/c drag)
- Directional antenna requires exact satellite tracking
- Lack of coverage e.g. over oceans
- Business case yet to be proved

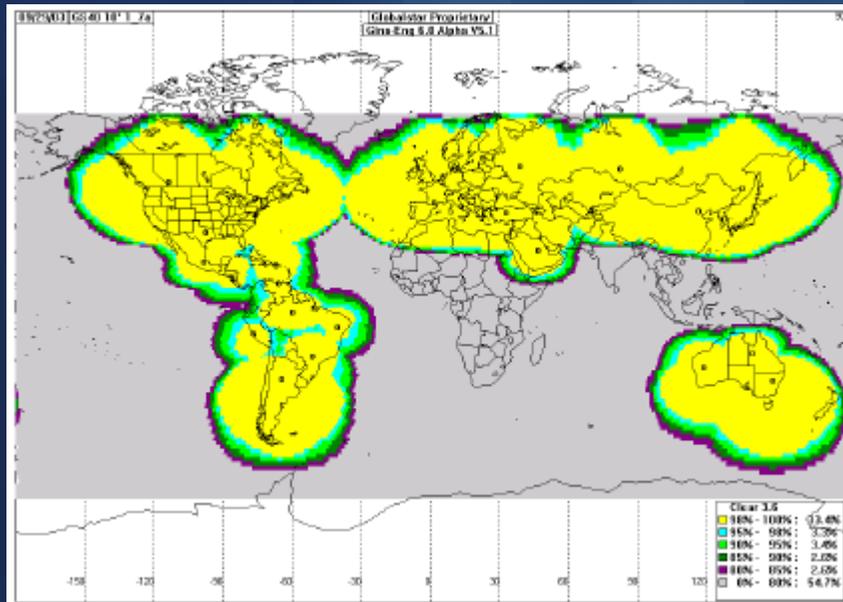
# Service Coverage



Proposed Ku-Band coverage



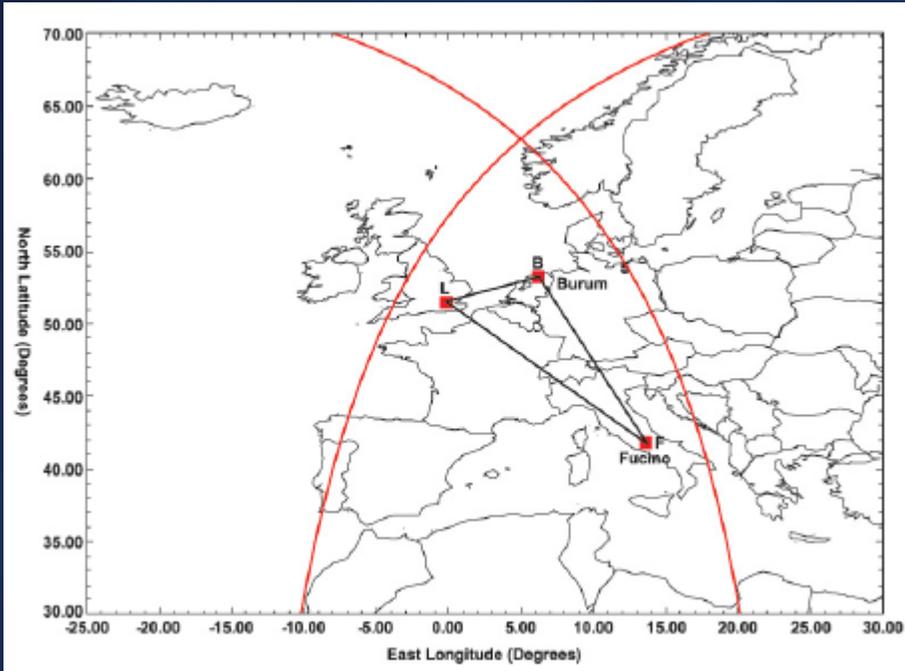
INMARSAT BGAN  
2 satellite configuration  
Narrow Spot Beams



Globalstar: Does not Reflect  
Actual Service Offered

# Inmarsat BGAN

## BGAN Ground Stations

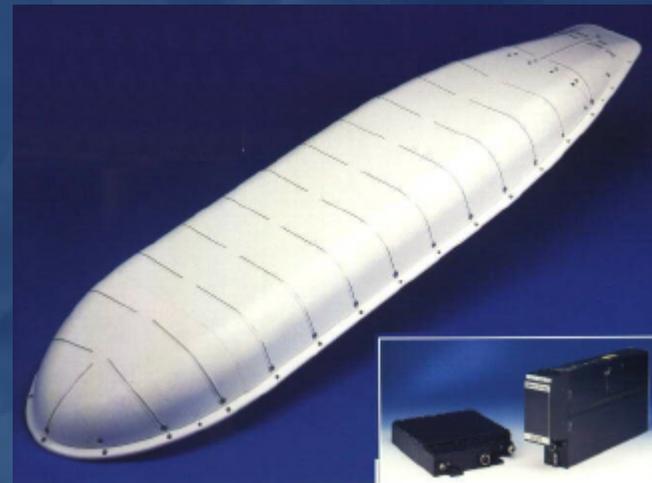
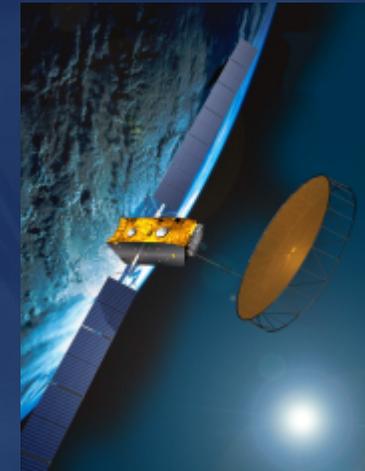


Burum



Fucino

## L-Band GEO Satellites



# Globalstar

L-Band

LEO Satellites

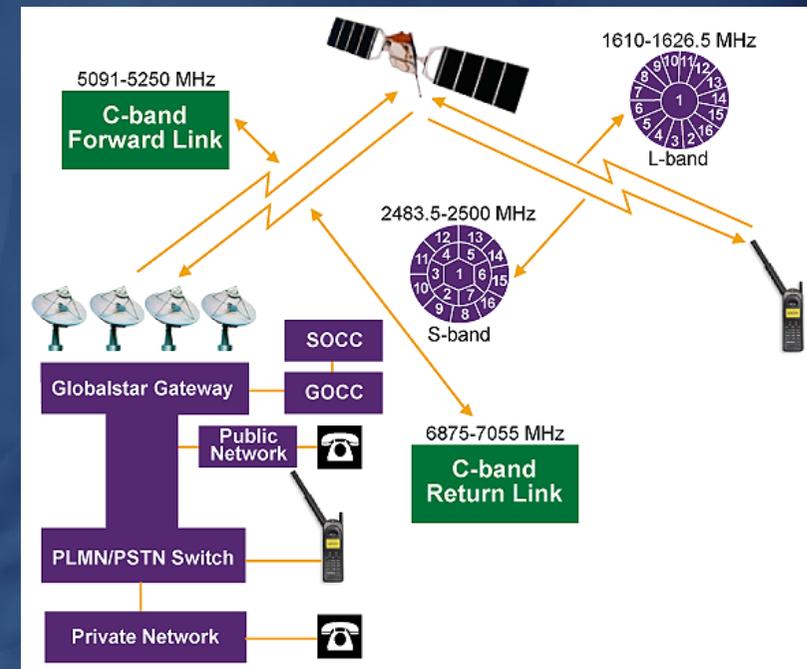
Single Globalstar channel = 9.6 Kbps



24 Gateways

2 Control Centers

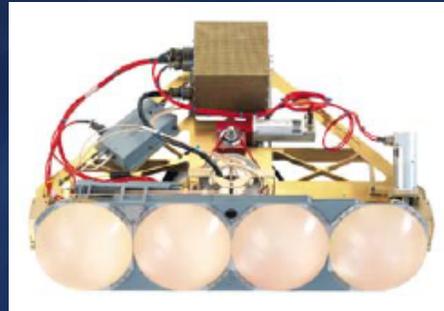
48 Satellites



# Aircraft TV systems

	TV Band	Number of channels	Coverage	Entry in service	Other data connectivity
<b>Airshow</b>	Ku	32	CONUS, EU, ME (Pacific also foreseen)	TW550 In service (Bizjets, VIPs) Developing TW560 for QTR: Jun'06	No (Researching?)
<b>ITAN</b>	Ku	24 (depending on regions)	CONUS only Developing multiregional functionality (EU, ME, PA?)	In service on Song fleet (B757)	Researching? (only return link Ku)
<b>LiveTV</b>	Ku	24+2	CONUS only	In service on JetBlue, Frontier, WestJet	No
<b>AirTV</b>	S	TBD	Worldwide Regional?	Q1 2006	Yes (Return Link with Inmarsat L-band)
<b>Airia</b>	L	1 - 2	Worldwide	TBD Test on BBJ Nov'03	No

# Airshow System (Tailwind 560)



- DBS Antenna Unit (DAU) and radome

- System Signal Processor (SSP)

- Configuration Data Module (CDM)

- CPIF – Control, Power and IF Multiplexer Unit (up to 4 RDU8's) + CDM



- RDU8 - Receiver Decoder Unit (8 channels)

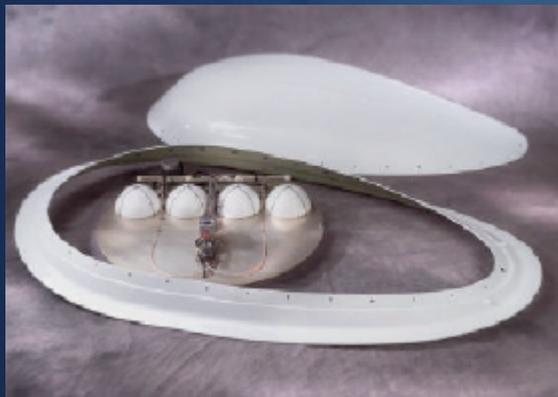




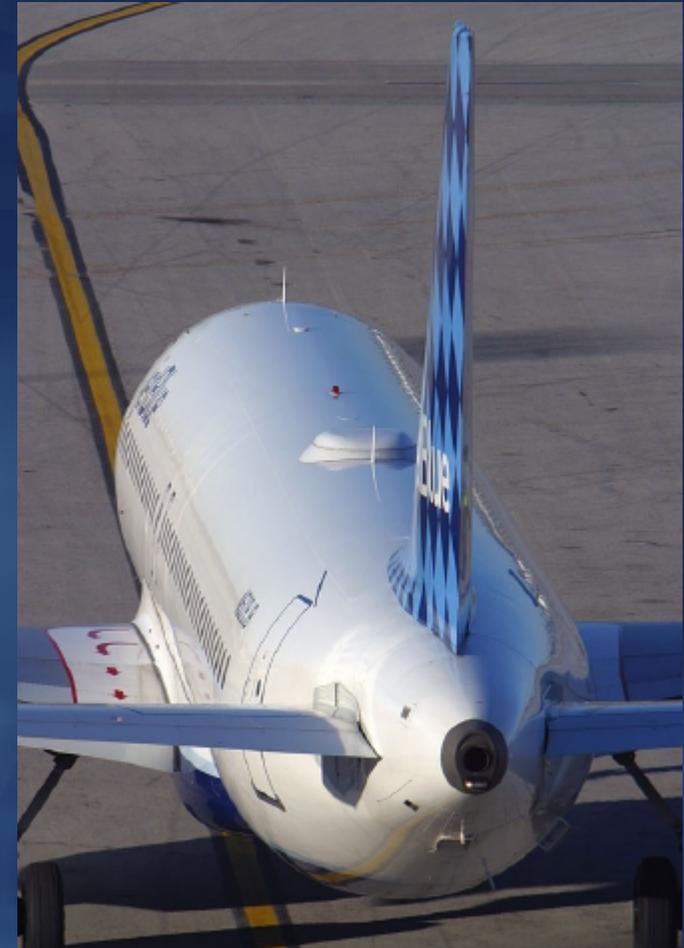
# TV Antennas



Airshow Antenna



ITAN TV Antenna



Live TV installed on JetBlue

SATCOM	1740 x 430 x 120
AIR - TV	2489 x 830 x 116.6
LIVE -TV	1651 x 1100 x 150

Thank You For Your Attention!



# Disclaimer

*This document and all information contained herein is the sole property of AIRBUS DEUTSCHLAND GMBH. No intellectual property rights are granted by the delivery of this document or the disclosure of its content. This document shall not be reproduced or disclosed to a third party without the express written consent of AIRBUS DEUTSCHLAND GMBH. This document and its content shall not be used for any purpose other than that for which it is supplied.*

*The statements made herein do not constitute an offer. They are based on the mentioned assumptions and are expressed in good faith. Where the supporting grounds for these statements are not shown, AIRBUS DEUTSCHLAND GMBH will be pleased to explain the basis thereof.*



**AIRBUS**

AN EADS JOINT COMPANY  
WITH BAE SYSTEMS